Senate



General Assembly

File No. 813

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January Session, 2013

Substitute Senate Bill No. 820

Senate, May 14, 2013

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The Committee on Finance, Revenue and Bonding reported through SEN. FONFARA of the 1st Dist., Chairperson of the Committee on the part of the Senate, that the substitute bill ought to pass.

AN ACT CONCERNING THE INTEREST RATE ON DELINQUENT PROPERTY TAXES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. Section 12-145 of the general statutes is repealed and the
- 2 following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective October 1, 2013, and
- 3 applicable to assessment years commencing on or after said date):

The tax collector of each municipality shall, at least five days next

5 preceding the time when each tax becomes due and payable, give

notice of the time and place at which the tax collector will receive such

7 tax by advertising in a newspaper published in such municipality or, if

no newspaper is published in such municipality, by advertising in any

9 newspaper of the state having a general circulation in such

municipality and by posting such notice on a signpost therein, if any,

otherwise on a signpost in the town within which such municipality is

situated, if any, or at some other exterior place near the office of the

13 town clerk. The tax collector shall repeat such advertising within one

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week after such tax has become due and payable and, again, at least five days before such tax becomes delinquent. Each such notice shall give each date on which such tax shall become due and payable and each date on which such tax shall become delinquent, and shall state that, as soon as such tax becomes delinquent, it shall be subject to interest [at the rate of one and one-half per cent of such tax] for each month or fraction thereof which elapses from the time when such tax becomes due and payable until the same is paid. Such notice shall further state the rate at which any delinquent tax shall accrue interest. The tax collector of a municipality may waive the interest on delinquent property taxes if the tax collector and the assessor, jointly, determine that the delinquency is attributable to an error by the tax assessor or tax collector and is not the result of any action or failure on the part of the taxpayer. The tax collector shall notify the taxing authority of the municipality of all waivers granted pursuant to this section.

Sec. 2. Section 12-146 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2013, and applicable to assessment years commencing on or after said date*):

Unless the context otherwise requires, wherever used in this section, "tax" includes each property tax and each installment and part thereof due to a municipality as it may have been increased by interest, fees and charges. If any tax due in a single installment or if any installment of any tax due in two or more installments is not paid in full (1) on or before the first day of the month next succeeding the month in which it became due and payable, or if not due and payable on the first day of the month, (2) on or before the same date of the next succeeding month corresponding to that of the month on which it became due and payable, the whole or such part of such installment as is unpaid shall thereupon be delinquent and shall be subject to interest from the due date of such delinquent installment. Except for unpaid real estate taxes the collection of which was, or is, deferred under the provisions of section 12-174, and any predecessor and successor thereto, which unpaid real estate taxes continue to be subject to the provisions of such

deferred collection statutes, the delinquent portion of the principal of any tax shall be subject to interest at the rate of eighteen per cent per annum, or at the rate determined as provided in section 3 of this act, from the time when it became due and payable until the same is paid, subject to a minimum interest charge of two dollars which any municipality, by vote of its legislative body, may elect not to impose. [, and provided, in In any computation of such interest, under any provision of this section, each fractional part of a month in which any portion of the principal of such tax remains unpaid shall be considered to be equivalent to a whole month. Each addition of interest shall become, and shall be collectible as, a part of such tax. Interest shall accrue at said rate until payment of such taxes due notwithstanding the entry of any judgment in favor of the municipality against the taxpayer or the property of the taxpayer. Except as hereinafter specified for taxes representing two or more items of property, the collector shall not receive any partial payment of a delinquent tax which is less than the total accrued interest on the principal of such tax up to the date of payment and shall apply each partial payment to the wiping out of such interest before making any application thereof to the reduction of such principal; provided, whenever the first partial payment is made after delinquency, interest from the due date of such delinquent tax to the date of such partial payment shall be figured on the whole or such part of the principal of such tax as is unpaid at the beginning of delinquency and provided, whenever a subsequent partial payment of such tax is made, interest shall be figured from the date of payment of the last-preceding, to the date of payment of such subsequent, partial payment on the whole or such balance of the principal of such tax as remains unpaid on the date of the lastpreceding partial payment. If any tax, at the time of assessment or because of a subsequent division, represents two or more items of property, the collector may receive payment in full of such part of the principal and interest of such tax as represents one or more of such items, even though interest in full on the entire amount of the principal of such tax has not been received up to the date of such payment; in which event, interest on the remaining portion of the principal of any

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such tax shall be computed, as the case may be, from the due date of such tax if no other payment after delinquency has been made or from the last date of payment of interest in full on the whole amount or unpaid balance of the principal of such delinquent tax if previous payment of interest has been made. Each collector shall keep a separate account of such interest and the time when the same has been received and shall pay over the same to the treasurer of the municipality of the collector as a part of such tax. No tax or installment thereof shall be construed to be delinquent under the provisions of this section if the envelope containing the amount due as such tax or installment, as received by the tax collector of the municipality to which such tax is payable, bears a postmark showing a date within the time allowed by statute for the payment of such tax or installment. Any municipality may, by vote of its legislative body, require that any delinquent property taxes applicable with respect to a motor vehicle shall be paid only in cash or by certified check or money order. Any municipality adopting such requirement may provide that such requirement shall only be applicable to delinquency exceeding a certain period in duration as determined by such municipality. Any municipality shall waive all or a portion of the interest due and payable under this section on a delinquent tax with respect to a taxpayer who has received compensation under chapter 968 as a crime victim.

Sec. 3. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2013, and applicable to assessment years commencing on or after said date) Any municipality may, by a vote of its legislative body or, where the legislative body is a town meeting, by a vote of its board of selectmen or its town council, elect to subject the delinquent portion of the principal of any property tax to an interest rate of up to eighteen per cent per annum from the time when such tax became due and payable until the same is paid. Such interest shall be calculated and collected in accordance with the provisions of section 12-146 of the general statutes, as amended by this act.

Sec. 4. Subsection (b) of section 12-80a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2013, and applicable to assessment years commencing on or after*

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(b) (1) Not later than the first day of February immediately following the end of such tax year, the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management shall determine, with respect to such company, a value for personal property equivalent to seventy per cent of the value of personal property included in the list of such property prepared and certified in accordance with subsection (a) of this section. The amount of tax applicable with respect to such personal property of any taxpayer subject to the tax imposed under this section shall be determined by multiplying the value of personal property of such company, as determined under this subsection, by a mill rate of fortyseven mills. Said secretary shall, not later than the first day of March immediately following the end of such tax year, submit a tax bill to each company stating the amount of tax payable to each town in relation to the personal property of such taxpayer located in such town. Such tax shall be due and payable to the town in which such personal property is located not later than the first day of April immediately following. Any city or borough not consolidated with the town in which it is located and any town containing such a city or borough shall receive a portion of the tax due and payable to such town on the basis of the following ratio: The total taxes levied in the previous fiscal year by such town, city or borough shall be the numerator of the fraction. The total taxes levied by the town and all cities or boroughs located within such town shall be added together, and the sum shall be the denominator of the fraction. Any such city or borough may, by vote of its legislative body, direct the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management to reallocate all or a portion of the share of such city or borough to the town in which it is located.

(2) The person responsible for the collection of taxes for each town, city or borough owed taxes under this subsection may, at such time as such tax becomes delinquent as provided in sections 12-146 and 12-169, subject such tax to interest [at the rate of one and one-half per cent of such tax for each month or fraction thereof which elapses from the time when such tax becomes due and payable until the same is paid] in

accordance with the provisions of section 12-146, as amended by this act.

- Sec. 5. Subsection (f) of section 12-157 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2013, and applicable to assessment years commencing on or after said date*):
- 157 (f) Within sixty days after such sale, the collector shall cause to be 158 published in a newspaper having a daily general circulation in the 159 town in which the real property is located, and shall send by certified 160 mail, return receipt requested, to the delinquent taxpayer and each 161 mortgagee, lienholder and other record encumbrancer whose interest 162 in such property is affected by such sale, a notice stating the date of the 163 sale, the name and address of the purchaser, the amount the purchaser 164 paid for the property and the date the redemption period will expire. 165 The notice shall include a statement that if redemption does not take 166 place by the date stated and in the manner provided by law, the 167 delinquent taxpayer, and all mortgagees, lienholders and other record 168 encumbrancers who have received actual or constructive notice of such 169 sale as provided by law, that their respective titles, mortgages, liens 170 and other encumbrances in such property shall be extinguished. Not 171 later than six months after the date of the sale or within sixty days if 172 the property was abandoned or meets other conditions established by 173 ordinance adopted by the legislative body of the town, if the 174 lienholder or delinquent taxpayer, mortgagee, other record 175 encumbrancer whose interest in the property will be affected by such 176 sale, pays or tenders to the collector, the amount of taxes, interest and 177 charges which were due and owing at the time of the sale together 178 with interest on the total purchase price paid by the purchaser at the 179 rate of eighteen per cent per annum from the date of such sale, or at 180 any rate up to eighteen per cent per annum from the date of such sale 181 in a municipality that has adopted the provisions of section 3 of this 182 act, such deed, executed pursuant to subsection (e) of this section, shall 183 be delivered to the collector by the town clerk for cancellation and the 184 collector shall provide a certificate of satisfaction to the person paying

or tendering the money who, if not the person whose primary duty it was to pay the tax or taxes, shall have a claim against the person whose primary duty it was to pay such tax or taxes for the amount so paid, and may add the same to any claim for which he has security upon the property sold, provided the certificate of satisfaction is recorded on the land records but the interests of other persons in the property shall not be affected. Within ten days of receipt of such amounts in redemption of the levied property, the collector shall notify the purchaser by certified mail, return receipt requested, that the property has been redeemed and shall tender such payment, together with the amount held pursuant to subparagraph (A) of subdivision (1) of subsection (i) of this section, if any, to the purchaser. If the purchase money and interest are not paid within such redemption period, the deed shall be recorded and have full effect.

This act shall sections:	ll take effect as follows and	shall amend the following
Section 1	October 1, 2013, and applicable to assessment years commencing on or after said date	12-145
Sec. 2	October 1, 2013, and applicable to assessment years commencing on or after said date	12-146
Sec. 3	October 1, 2013, and applicable to assessment years commencing on or after said date	New section
Sec. 4	October 1, 2013, and applicable to assessment years commencing on or after said date	12-80a(b)
Sec. 5	October 1, 2013, and applicable to assessment years commencing on or after said date	12-157(f)

Statement of Legislative Commissioners:

In sec. 1 the closing bracket was moved to delete only the reference to the interest rate, and the new language in sec. 2 was re-worded for clarity.

FIN Joint Favorable Subst.

The following Fiscal Impact Statement and Bill Analysis are prepared for the benefit of the members of the General Assembly, solely for purposes of information, summarization and explanation and do not represent the intent of the General Assembly or either chamber thereof for any purpose. In general, fiscal impacts are based upon a variety of informational sources, including the analyst's professional knowledge. Whenever applicable, agency data is consulted as part of the analysis, however final products do not necessarily reflect an assessment from any specific department.

OFA Fiscal Note

State Impact: None

Municipal Impact:

Municipalities	Effect	FY 14 \$	FY 15 \$
Various Municipalities	Revenue	Potential	Potential
	Loss		

Explanation

The bill allows municipalities the option of reducing the annual interest rate they charge on delinquent property taxes. To the extent that a municipality chooses to reduce the interest rate on delinquent property tax, there is a potential revenue loss.

For illustrative purposes, with an 18% interest rate on delinquent property taxes, the Town of Fairfield collected \$1.2 million in revenue in FY 12 from interest. At a 12% interest rate, the town would have collected approximately \$814,000 from interest on delinquent property taxes (for a revenue loss of \$385,000 compared to actual FY 12 revenue). At 6% interest, the town would have collected approximately \$396,000 (for a revenue loss of \$827,000).

By law, the interest rate on other delinquent taxes is linked to the interest rate towns charge on delinquent property taxes. Accordingly, there would be an additional revenue loss associated with a drop in these other interest rates. This would include 1) sewer system installation and collection assessments; 2) assessments imposed on blighted housing; and 3) fees and assessments charged to residents of certain districts within municipalities.

The Out Years

The annualized ongoing fiscal impact identified above would continue into the future subject to changes in interest rates on delinquent property taxes.

Sources: Town of Fairfield

OLR Bill Analysis sSB 820

AN ACT CONCERNING THE INTEREST RATE ON DELINQUENT PROPERTY TAXES.

SUMMARY:

This bill gives towns the option of reducing the annual interest rate they charge on delinquent property taxes. It requires local tax collectors to include the interest rate in the notice they publish concerning property tax deadlines.

By giving towns this option, the bill also potentially reduces the interest charged on other delinquent taxes and assessments, which, by law, are linked to this statutory rate.

EFFECTIVE DATE: October 1, 2013, and applicable to assessment years starting on or after that date.

INTEREST ON DELINQUENT PROPERTY TAXES

Under current law, property taxes accrue interest at a rate of 1.5% per month (18% per year) for each month or part of a month that elapses between the due date and the payment date. The bill allows a municipality, by vote of its legislative body (or if the legislative body is a town meeting, by vote of the board of selectmen or town council) to establish an interest rate for delinquent property taxes of up to 18%. The rate remains 18% for towns that do not adopt the optional lower rate.

The bill makes conforming changes to the interest rate for delinquent property taxes on (1) personal property used in rendering certain telecommunications services and (2) property sold for tax purposes.

As under current law, the minimum interest charge is \$2, which a municipality may, by vote of its legislative body, choose not to impose.

INTEREST ON OTHER DELINQUENT TAXES AND ASSESSMENTS

By law, the interest rate on other delinquent taxes and assessments is linked to the interest rate towns charge on delinquent property taxes. Thus, under the bill, the interest rate on these other delinquent taxes and assessments would be reduced for any town that adopts a lower rate.

They include:

- 1. sewer system installation and connection assessments (CGS §§ 7-254, 7-258, and 22a-506);
- 2. the special assessment municipalities can impose on blighted housing (CGS § 12-169b);
- 3. taxes, fees, rents, or benefit assessments set by the Great Pond and Millbrook Greens Improvement Districts in Windsor (SA 11-8, §§ 1 (f)(3) and 2 (f)(3));
- 4. taxes, fees, rents, or benefit assessments set by the River Falls Improvement District in Seymour (SA 10-4, § 1(e)(3));
- 5. tax assessments for members of the Cornfield Point Association in Old Saybrook (§§ 13 and 14 of No. 467 of the 1943 Special Acts, as amended by SA 09-13);
- 6. tax assessments for members of the Shaker Pines Lake Association, Inc. in Enfield (§ 21 of No. 375 of 1935 Special Acts, as amended by § 16 of SA 89-37);
- 7. the annual assessment imposed by the Lake Garda Improvement Association in Farmington and Burlington (§ 9 of No. 255 of 1943 Special Acts, as amended by SA 03-16);
- 8. taxes, fees, rents, or benefit assessments set by the Harbor Point

Infrastructure Improvement District in Stamford (SA 07-6, § 1(f)(3)); and

9. taxes, fees, rents, benefit assessments, and other charges set by the Greenway Commons Improvement District in Southington (SA 09-11, § 1(f)(3)).

BACKGROUND

Legislative History

The Senate referred the bill (File 257) to the Finance, Revenue and Bonding Committee, which favorably reported a substitute that allows municipalities to establish an interest rate for delinquent property taxes of up to 18% per year, rather than an optional 12% rate.

COMMITTEE ACTION

Planning and Development Committee

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Joint Favorable Substitute
Yea 18 Nay 0 (03/13/2013)
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Finance, Revenue and Bonding Committee

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Joint Favorable Substitute
Yea 46 Nay 4 (05/06/2013)
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